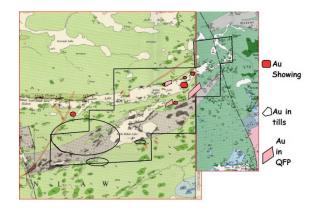
Classic Abitibi Gold Setting

The Ridout project consists of 62 units covering 5 km of strike along the western extension of the Cadillac-Larder Break. Gold mineralization has been found in shear hosted quartz-ankerite veining, in altered, quartz-veined ultramafic komatiites and in Quartz Feldspar Porphyry in contact with Temiskaming sediments.

Several unexplained gold in till anomalies with up to 26 gold grains and heavy metal concentrates of up to 21.6 g/t, occur along the WHSZ on the property. The largest of these measures 1500m E-W by 750m N-S and appears to be associated with the Temiskaming aged rocks.



Lake Sediment geochemical studies by OGS show anomalies in Au, Cd, Co,Cr,Ni, Sc and Zn

High Grade Gold

Historical values from the Garvey Vein on Gold Island from 0.10g to 122.6g/t over a length of 61m and average width of 0.5m were confirmed this summer with two grab samples assaying 57.39 & 80.57g/t.



Figure 1 High Grade Garvey Vein on Gold Island

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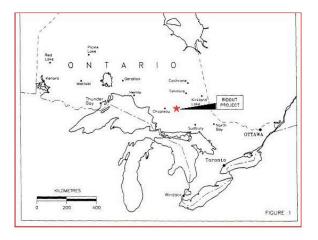
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Ridout Lake Gold Project

The Ridout Project covers a number of gold in till anomalies along the Wakami High Strain Zone (WHSZ), the western extension of the prolific Cadillac-Larder Break.

Heavy metal concentrates of up to 21g/t Au were recovered from basal till sampling along highly prospective Temiskaming Conglomerates within the WHSZ.



The project targets Archaean shear hosted gold deposits similar to the Kirkland Lake and Timmins camps. The WHSZ is an ENE striking sinistral, extensional shear analogous to the gold producing, northeast striking Kirkland Lake Main Break.

